# (19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



# 

#### (43) International Publication Date 13 December 2001 (13.12.2001)

#### **PCT**

# (10) International Publication Number WO 01/94939 A1

- (51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: G01N 33/487, C12M 1/34
- (21) International Application Number: PCT/GB01/02490
- **(22) International Filing Date:** 6 June 2001 (06.06.2001)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data:

0013584.8 6 Ju

6 June 2000 (06.06.2000) GB

- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): CENES LIMITED [GB/GB]; Compass House, Vision Park, Chivers Way, Histon, Cambridge CB4 9ZR (GB).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): OWEN, David [GB/GB]; CeNes Limited, Compass House, Vision Park, Chivers Way, Histon, Cambridge CB4 9ZR (GB). SIL-VERTHORNE, Andrew [GB/GB]; CeNeS Limited, Vision Park, Chivers Way, Histon, Cambridge CB4 9ZR (GB).

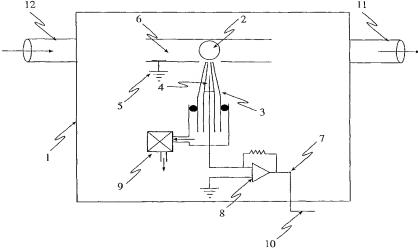
- (74) Agent: DAVIES, Jonathan, Mark; Reddie & Grose, 16 Theobalds Road, London WC1X 8PL (GB).
- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### Published:

- with international search report
- before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments

[Continued on next page]

#### (54) Title: SINGLE CELL AUTO PATCH



(57) Abstract: The invention provides a method for obtaining a patch clamp recording from a cell, which includes the steps of providing a microchannel capable of an axial flow of a liquid, providing in the microchannel at least one access port to allow radial access from the exterior of the microchannel (air) to the interior of the microchannel (liquid); whereby liquid in the microchannel forms a meniscus at the port and produces an air/liquid interface, providing a patch-clamp pipette having a tip suitable for passing into the access port suitable for forming a high-resistance (giga-ohm) electrical seal between the tip and the cell, passing liquid carrying the cell axially along the microchannel, causing the cell to be carried to the access port, moving the patch-clamp pipette tip and the microchannel relative to each other radially to bring the tip into contact with the air/liquid interface in the access port, applying suction to the patch-clamp to draw the cell onto the tip to form the seal, and making a patch-clamp recording. The invention also provides an apparatus for carrying out the method.



## WO 01/94939 A1



For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

1

#### SINGLE CELL AUTO PATCH

The system is based on delivery of cells via a system of microchannels to a patch clamp pipette. Cells may be pre-sorted using a fluorescence activated cell-sorter (FACS) or other methods of sorting such as immunomagnetic selection. However the system could also be used without pre-sorting for homogenous cell populations. Delivery of cells and events leading to and including a patch clamp recording are computer controlled as is subsequent drug delivery.

A patch-pipette accesses cells as they pass an access port in the microchannel. High-resistance electrical seals between pipette and cell (in the order of G or more) are achieved by applying suction to the pipette via a suction controller either on a continuous basis or triggered by the FACS detector which also diverts cells with an appropriate fluorescence signal or light scattering properties along the appropriate microchannel. The minimal system would consist of a single microchannel with patch-clamp module. Cell suspensions are pumped (eg. using a peristaltic pump) from a cell incubator through the microchannel. More sophisticated and also higher throughput devices would have a FACS with multi-wavelength capability to permit selection of several cell-types and also multiple patch-clamp modules to permit parallel recording from many cells which may be different or the same in respect to their fluorescence or cell-scattering 'signature'.

The process in essence consists of:-

- 1) Cells scanned by FACS (or not as the case may be) and a cell or cells having appropriate fluorescence signal diverted along microchannel toward a patch-clamp module.
- 2) Suction is applied to the patch-pipette located in the patch clamp module either at the same time or according to some fixed predetermined interval such that

suction occurs as the selected cell passes an access port in the microchannel whereby the cell is drawn to the pipette tip.

2

- 3) Seal resistance is monitored automatically and suction controlled by feedback mechanism under control of a computer. Subsequent steps involved in standard patch-clamping are also determined under software control.
- 4) Once the desired patch-clamp configuration has been achieved, a perfusion flow controller switches the flow of solution through the microchannel from delivering cells to delivering drug solutions and the experiment is initiated.

Patch-clamp modules may be cascaded such that in the event more than one cell is detected by the FACS, multiple recordings may be made. Excess cells are simply recycled back to the cell incubator.

In the case of a homogeneous source of cells, the FACS front end is not required although it would have the beneficial effect of eliminating debris from the system. In the case where cells come from a mixed background a FACS front end allows selection of even minor components of the overall cell suspension.

The system can be fully automated and because it also recycles cells and solutions, can run for extended periods of time without intervention. A device for supplying conventional glass patch pipettes will be incorporated or alternatively a system for rejuvenating and hence re-using quartz glass pipettes will be used.

Data obtained can be automatically downloaded to a server for off-line analysis etc. without interrupting data acquisition.

#### Legends

#### Figure 1. Flow Patch-Clamp System

- 1. fluorescence-activated cell sorter (FACS)- optional
- 2. cell incubator
- 3. patch-clamp module
- 4. control and data acquisition interface
- 5. perfusion flow controller
- 6. sorted cells: channel #1
- 7. sorted cells: channel #2
- 8. unsorted cells channel
- 9. return channel to cell incubator
- 10. waste
- 11. computer workstation to control system

#### Figure 2. Patch-Clamp Module

- 1. Patch-clamp module
- 2. Cell
- 3. Patch-clamp pipette
- 4. Pipette filling solution (electrolyte)
- 5. Earth connection
- 6. Bathing solution
- 7. Patch-clamp output (membrane current)
- 8. Patch-clamp amplifier
- 9. Suction control system
- 10. Control and data acquisition line
- 11. Microchannel outflow
- 12. Microchannel inflow

4

## Figure 3. Perfusion Flow Controller

- 1. Perfusion flow controller
- 2. Inflow from FACS
- 3. Inflow from drug application system
- 4. Manifold and controller to switch between drug solutions
- 5. Multiwell plate containing drug solutions

PCT/GB01/02490

**WO** 01/94939

1. A method for obtaining a patch clamp recording from a cell, which includes the steps of:

5

- (i) providing a microchannel capable of carrying an axial flow of a liquid;
- (ii) providing in the microchannel at least one access port to allow radial access from the exterior of the microchannel (air) to the interior of the microchannel (liquid); whereby liquid in the microchannel forms a meniscus at the port and produces an air/liquid interface at the port;
- (iii) providing a patch-clamp pipette having a pipette tip suitable for passing into the access port suitable for forming a high-resistance (giga-ohm) electrical seal between the tip and the cell;
- (iv) passing liquid carrying the cell axially along the microchannel, causing the cell to be carried to the access port;
- (v) moving the patch-clamp pipette tip and the microchannel relative to each other radially to bring the tip into contact with the air/liquid interface in the access port;
- (vi) applying suction to the patch-clamp pipette to draw the cell onto the tip to form the seal; and
- (vii) making a patch-clamp recording.
- 2. A method according to claim 1 in which the cell has been sorted or selected from a heterogeneous source of cells.
- 3. A method according to claim 2 in which the cell has been sorted and selected using a Fluorescence Activated Cell-Sorter (FACS).
- 4. A method according to any preceding claim in which a plurality of cells are carried to the access port singly in a sequential flow.

- 5. Apparatus for carrying out the method of any of claims 1 to 4, comprising:
- (i) a microchannel capable of carrying an axial flow of a liquid; the microchannel having an access port to allow radial access from the exterior of the microchannel to the interior; and
- (ii) a patch-clamp pipette having a pipette tip suitable for passing into the access port.
- 6. Apparatus according to claim 5 where the cross-sectional microchannel dimension permits only one cell to pass the access port at a time.
- 7. Apparatus according to claim 5 or 6 wherein the microchannel is tubular.
- 8. Apparatus according to claim 7 wherein the diameter of the tubular microchannel is between 1 and 2 times the diameter of a cell.
- 9. Apparatus according to any of claims 5 to 8 wherein the microchannel has more than one access port spaced axially.
- 10. Apparatus according to any of claims 5 to 9 wherein there is more than one microchannel.

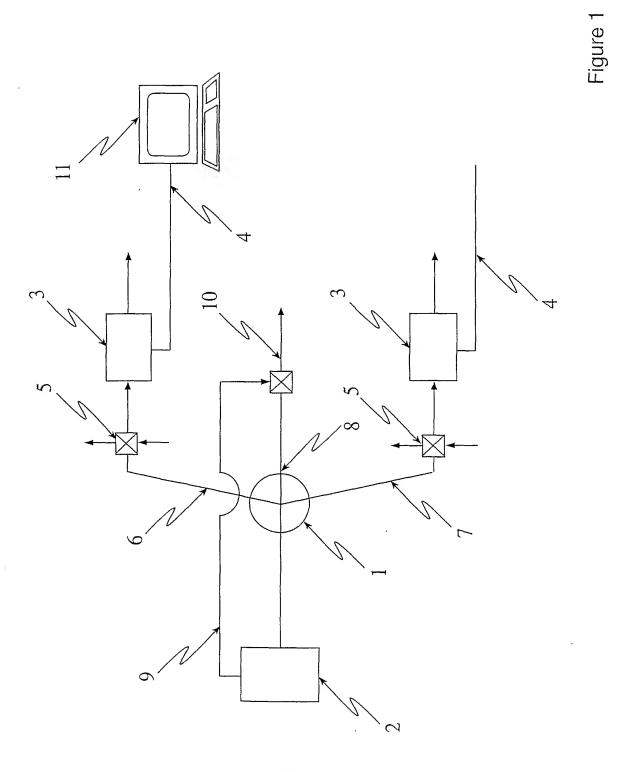


Figure 1



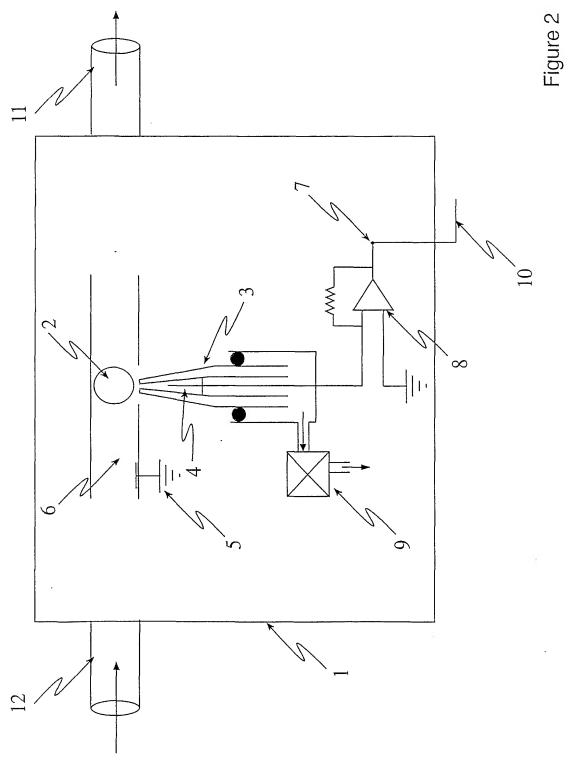
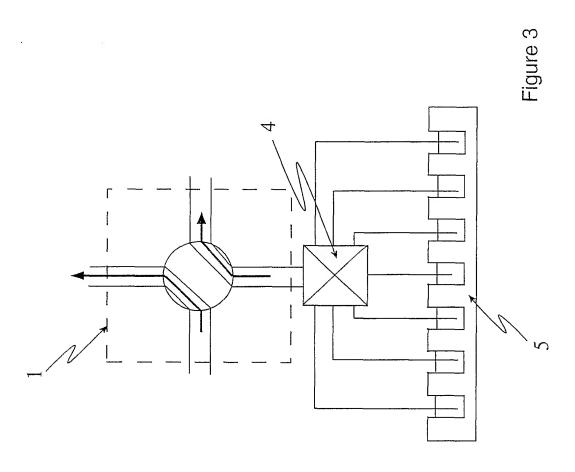


Figure 2

3/3



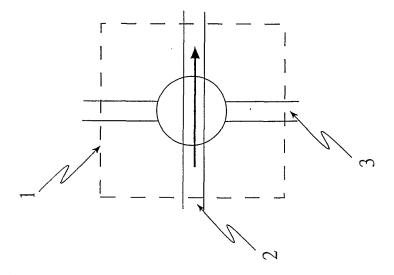


Figure 3

#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

in inal Application No PCT/GB 01/02490

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 G01N33/487 C12M C12M1/34 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) G01N C12M F16L IPC 7 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, BIOSIS C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category ° Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. Α WO 98 55870 A (A & SCIENCE INVEST AB 1 - 10; ORWAR OWE (SE); JARDEMARK KENT (SE)) 10 December 1998 (1998-12-10) the whole document US 6 063 260 A (OLESEN SOEREN-PETER ET 1-10 Α AL) 16 May 2000 (2000-05-16) the whole document HAMILL O P ET AL: "IMPROVED PATCH-CLAMP 1-10 Α TECHNIQUES FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION CURRENT RECORDING FROM CELLS AND CELL-FREE MEMBRANE PATCHES" PFLUEGERS ARCHIV, SPRINGER VERLAG, BERLIN, vol. 391, 1981, pages 85-100, XP000196663 ISSN: 0031-6768 the whole document -/--Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Х Patent family members are listed in annex. ° Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 11 October 2001 17/10/2001 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31–70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31–70) 340–3016 Goetz, M

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Int anal Application No
PCT/GB 01/02490

0.00 H		PC1/GB 01/02490	
		I Delevent to alse to bla	
Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Helevant to claim No.	
C.(Continu Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages  WO 00 34776 A (BYRNE NICHOLAS GERARD; CENES LTD (GB); OWEN DAVID GERAINT (GB))  15 June 2000 (2000-06-15) the whole document	Relevant to claim No.	

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

In mal Application No
PCT/GB 01/02490

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9855870 A	10-12-1998	AU 8046898 A EP 0986758 A1 WO 9855870 A1	21-12-1998 22-03-2000 10-12-1998
US 6063260 A	16-05-2000	AU 2788695 A CA 2203886 A1 WO 9613721 A1 EP 0788600 A1 JP 10509794 T US 6117291 A	23-05-1996 09-05-1996 09-05-1996 13-08-1997 22-09-1998 12-09-2000
WO 0034776 A	15-06-2000	AU 1575400 A EP 1141704 A1 WO 0034776 A1 NO 20012766 A	26-06-2000 10-10-2001 15-06-2000 06-08-2001